PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AUGUST 31, 2023



PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Pleasant Grove Independent School Distr	rict Bowie	019-912
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached	ched annual financial reports of the a	bove-named school district were
reviewed and (check one)app	proved disapproved for the	year ended August 31, 2023 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such	school district on theof Ja	nuary 2024.
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of B	oard President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of	the auditoral report the reason(s) for	dicannequing it ic(are)
(attach list as necessary)	me auditors report, me reason(s) for (risapproving it istate).

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

UNMODIFIED OPINION ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACCOMPANIED BY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INCLUDING THE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees Pleasant Grove Independent School District 8500 North Kings Highway Texarkana, TX 75503

Members of the Board:

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Grove Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pleasant Grove Independent School District as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise a substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise
 substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
 time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-11, budgetary comparison information on page 49, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (TRS) on pages 50-51, schedule of District contributions to TRS on pages 52-53, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability (TRS) on pages 54-55, and schedule of District contributions to TRS OPEB plan on pages 56-57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pleasant Grove Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises of reports required from Texas Education Agency identified in the Table of Contents as J-1 through J-4, and L-1. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2024, on our consideration of the Pleasant Grove Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Pleasant Grove Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Pleasant Grove Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

E Hulson, P.C.

Texarkana, Texas

January 17, 2024

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Pleasant Grove ISD Annual Financial and Compliance Report presents the management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total revenue of \$32,701,314 was generated in tax, other local, state, and federal revenues, and other sources for governmental funds.
- During the year, the District's expenditures totaled \$42,348,281, of which \$5,276,633 was expenditures for debt service and \$10,476,077 for capital outlay.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$7,730,567, which includes \$807,000 in committed and \$1,000,000 in assigned fund balance.
- The District's government-wide total combined net position increased \$1,374,653 from the prior year.
- The District's total tax rate was \$1.2663 with \$0.365 for debt service and \$0.9013 for maintenance and operation.
- The local assessed/appraised property values for 2022-2023 increased \$130,031,026.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements and other financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the cost of some programs, such as grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between asset and liabilities) provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is combined into one kind of activity,

 Governmental activity - All of the District's services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, cocurricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds — not the District as a whole. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

Laws and contracts require the District to establish separate funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's fund can be divided into these two categories:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Fiduciary Funds this fund accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District acts as a trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

Other Financial Information. The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the Districts individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

GOVERNMENT -WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Table I

Pleasant Grove Independent School District

NET POSITION

	Governmental	Governmental	
•	Activities	Activities	Total
	2022	2023	% Change
Current and other assets	55,914,029	47,214,740	-15.56%
Capital assets	56,786,837	65,407,285	15.18%
Total Assets	112,700,866	112,622,025	-0.07%
Deferred outflows of resources	4,633,244	5,353,772	15.55%
Other liabilities	2,809,572	3,833,650	36.45%
Long-term liabilities	85,320,817	82,842,656	-2.90%
TRS net pension liability	2,334,823	5,769,622	147.11%
TRS net OPEB liability	5,649,986	3,559,092	-37.01%
Total Liabilities	96,115,198	96,005,020	-0.11%
Deferred inflows of resources	6,657,696	6,034,908	-9.35%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,939,527	15,418,842	10.61%
Restricted	4,604,072	3,931,980	-14.60%
Unrestricted	(3,982,383)	(3,414,953)	14.25%
Total Net Position	14,561,216	15,935,869	9.44%

As of August 31, 2023, the District's assets exceed liabilities by \$15,935,869, of which \$15,418,842 of the total net position represents the investment in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. \$3,931,980 of the total net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used and the remaining balance of total net position of (\$3,414,953) represents the unrestricted net position, which is part of the net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt, or other legal requirements. The negative unrestricted net position is due to the impact of GASB 68 and 75 reporting the District's share of liability of TRS pensions and OPEB.

The total cost of all governmental activities was \$30,595,219 and the amount of these activities that our taxpayers paid for through property taxes was \$14,439,509 or 47%.

Table II

Pleasant Grove Independent School District
Changes in District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2023	Total % Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	338,558	711,523	110.16%
Operating grants and contributions	2,426,531	2,884,157	18.86%
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	13,785,372	14,439,509	4.75%
State Aid - Formula Grants	10,388,685	10,808,483	4.04%
Interest Earnings	142,224	2,200,110	1446.93%
Other general revenues	952,029	926,090	-2.72%
Total Revenues	28,033,399	31,969,872	14.04%
Expenses:			
Instruction	14,376,693	15,183,732	5.61%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	217,263	155,487	-28.43%
Curriculum and Staff Development	265,324	575,498	116.90%
Instructional Leadership	126,464	55,082	-56.44%
School Leadership	1,274,134	1,414,522	11.02%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	401,310	468,310	16.70%
Health Services	156,729	172,024	9.76%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	126,059	236,605	87.69%
Food Services	1,053,042	966,569	-8.21%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,785,732	2,159,567	20.93%
General Administration	1,714,911	1,577,554	-8.01%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,858,725	3,255,648	13.88%
Security and Monitoring Services	87,971	251,175	185.52%
Data Processing Services	625,848	577,467	-7.73%
Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt	1,417,719	3,141,424	121.58%
Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	588,517	4,730	-99.20%
Payments to Fiscal Agents/Member Districts	167,142	182,087	8.94%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	205,988	217,738	5.70%
Total Expenses	27,449,571	30,595,219	11.46%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	583,828	1,374,653	135.46%
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,977,388	14,561,216	4.18%
Net Position End of Year	14,561,216	15,935,869	9.44%

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Our analysis focuses on the net changes in fund balances (Table III) of the District's governmental funds.

Table III

Pleas ant Grove Independent School District
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Revenues:	Governmental Funds 2022	Governmental Funds 2023	Total \$ Change	Total % Change
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 15,208,464	\$ 18,280,837	\$ 3,072,373	20.20%
State Program Revenues	11,574,763	12,403,274	828,511	7.16%
Federal Program Revenues	2,579,923	2,017,203	(562,720)	-21.81%
Total Revenues	29,363,150	32,701,314	3,338,164	11.37%
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,379,021	14,673,881	294,860	2.05%
Instructional resources & media services	208,608	151,040	(57,568)	-27.60%
Curriculum and instructional staff development	244,212	541,273	297,061	121.64%
Instructional leadership	127,895	53,608	(74,287)	-58.08%
School leadership	1,289,061	1,376,280	87,219	6.77%
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	403,129	456,401	53,272	13.21%
Health services	159,247	167,657	8,410	5.28%
Student (Pupil) transportation	173,092	228,347	55,255	31.92%
Food services	976,334	1,038,916	62,582	6.41%
Extracurricular activities	1,734,938	2,034,638	299,700	17.27%
General administration	1,708,016	1,520,832	(187,184)	-10.96%
Facilities maintenance & operations	2,834,337	3,144,734	310,397	10.95%
Security & monitoring services	109,279	258,335	149,056	136.40%
Data processing services	604,585	549,804	(54,781)	-9.06%
Debt services	4,072,139	5,276,633	1,204,494	29.58%
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,047,652	10,476,077	7,428,425	243.74%
Payments to fiscal agent/member of SSA	167,142	182,087	14,945	8.94%
Other intergovernmental charges	205,988	217,738	11,750	5.70%
Total Expenditures	32,444,675	42,348,281	9,903,606	30.52%
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	39,455,000	-	(39,455,000)	-100.00%
Transfers In	3,977,467	1,304,871	(2,672,596)	-67.19%
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	1,916,860	-	(1,916,860)	-100.00%
Transfers Out	(3,977,467)	(1,304,871)	2,672,596	67.19%
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	41,371,860	<u>-</u>	(41,371,860)	-100.00%
Net Change in Fund Balances	38,290,335	(9,646,967)	(47,937,302)	-125.19%
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	14,711,031	53,001,366	38,290,335	260.28%
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 53,001,366	\$ 43,354,399	(9,646,967)	-18.20%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As stated earlier, governmental fund statements provided a view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides, as well as reporting balances that are available for future spending.

As the District completed the year, governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$43,354,399. This combined balance includes funds that are restricted, committed and assigned as follows:

- \$ 207,000 is committed for payment of debt (General Fund)
- \$ 600,000 is committed for equipment (General Fund)
- \$ 345,894 is committed for campus activity funds (Special Revenue Fund)
- \$ 1,000,000 is assigned for facility improvements (General Fund)
- \$ 3,353,018 is restricted for retirement of long-term debt (Debt Service Fund)
- \$ 611,502 is restricted for state/federal programs, and other local sources (Special Revenue Fund)
- \$ 64,695 is restricted for locally funded special revenue funds (Special Revenue Fund)
- \$ 31,248,723 is restricted for capital acquisition and contractual obligations (Capital Projects Fund)

The restricted, committed, and assigned funds total \$37,430,832, leaving unassigned funds of \$5,923,567. The District's combined fund balance decreased from the prior year by (\$9,646,967). The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. The District has various restricted, committed and assigned funds in the General Fund, leaving the unassigned fund balance representing 26% of the General Fund expenditures.

Throughout the year the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget. Significant budget amendments were as follows:

General Fund: Increase in total local and intermediate sources 456,034 85,721 Increase in state program revenues (Increase) in instruction expenditures (414,567)(Increase) in instructional resources and media services expenditures (45,671)(Increase) in curriculum and instructional staff development expenditures (220,802)(Increase) in instructional leadership expenditures (58,314)(Increase) in school leadership expenditures (203,921)(Increase) in guidance, counseling, and evaluation services expenditures (93,615)(Increase) in health services expenditures (38,004)(Increase) in student (pupil) transportation expenditures (324,290)(Increase)in extracurricular activities expenditures (228,605)(Increase) in general administration expenditures (97,285)(Increase) in facilities maintenance and operations expenditures (446,114)(Increase) in security and monitoring services (1,184)(Increase) in data processing services expenditures (80,296)(Increase) in facilities acquisition and construction expenditures (34,900)(Increase) in other intergovernmental charges (25,000)(1,770,813)Food Service Fund: Increase in total local and intermediate sources 161,250 Increase in state program revenues 5,768 Increase in federal program revenues 206,427 (Increase) in food services expenditures (548,000)(174,555)Debt Service Fund: (Decrease) in total local and intermediate sources (3,676)Increase in state program revenues 122,276 (Increase) in interest on long-term debt expenditures (903,975)(785, 375)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District has \$65,407,285 invested in capital assets. During the current year, the District purchased several capital assets, including, a Ford Transit, a Ford Interceptor, a Buick Enclave, a GMC Terrain, a reach in freezer, two gas ranges, three double convection ovens, a sneeze guard, and a floor mixer. The total of these purchases were \$273,640 and is reflected as an addition to furniture and equipment. The District also spent \$41,407 on the purchase and installation of a motorized gate and pole light at the preschool. The District also completed a project on the middle school roof and HVAC units. Other projects in progress include expansion of the high school cafeteria, college and career center, new high school field house and new baseball and softball facilities.

Debt

Outstanding Bonded Debt of the District consists of the following:

The District issued \$8,635,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 to redeem a portion of the Series 2007 in the amount of \$8,635,000. The principal outstanding on the Serial Current Interest Bonds is \$1,105,000 with final payment in 2030.

The District issued \$8,460,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 to redeem a portion of the Series 2007 in the amount of \$9,195,000. The principal outstanding on the Serial Current Interest Bonds is \$1,220,000 with final payment in 2027.

The District issued \$17,945,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2018 to construct, equip and renovate school buildings. The final payment on the bonds will be made February 15, 2043. The principal outstanding on the unlimited tax school building bonds is \$17,370,000.

The District issued Refunding Bond Series 2020A and 2020B to refund Series 2010 and 2013 in full as well as a partial refunding of Series 2014 and 2015. The principal outstanding on the Series Current Interest Bond 2020A is \$1,605,000 paid off in 2025 and 2020B is \$16,330,000 paid off in 2032.

The District issued \$39,455,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022 to construct, equip and renovate school buildings. The final payment on the bonds will be made February 15, 2052. The principal outstanding on the unlimited tax school building bonds is \$39,455,000.

Other debt outstanding to the District includes:

The District issued \$2,235,000 of Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. This issue redeemed in full Maintenance Note Refunding, Series 2008 and Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2008. The principal outstanding on this note is \$575,000 with final payment in 2028.

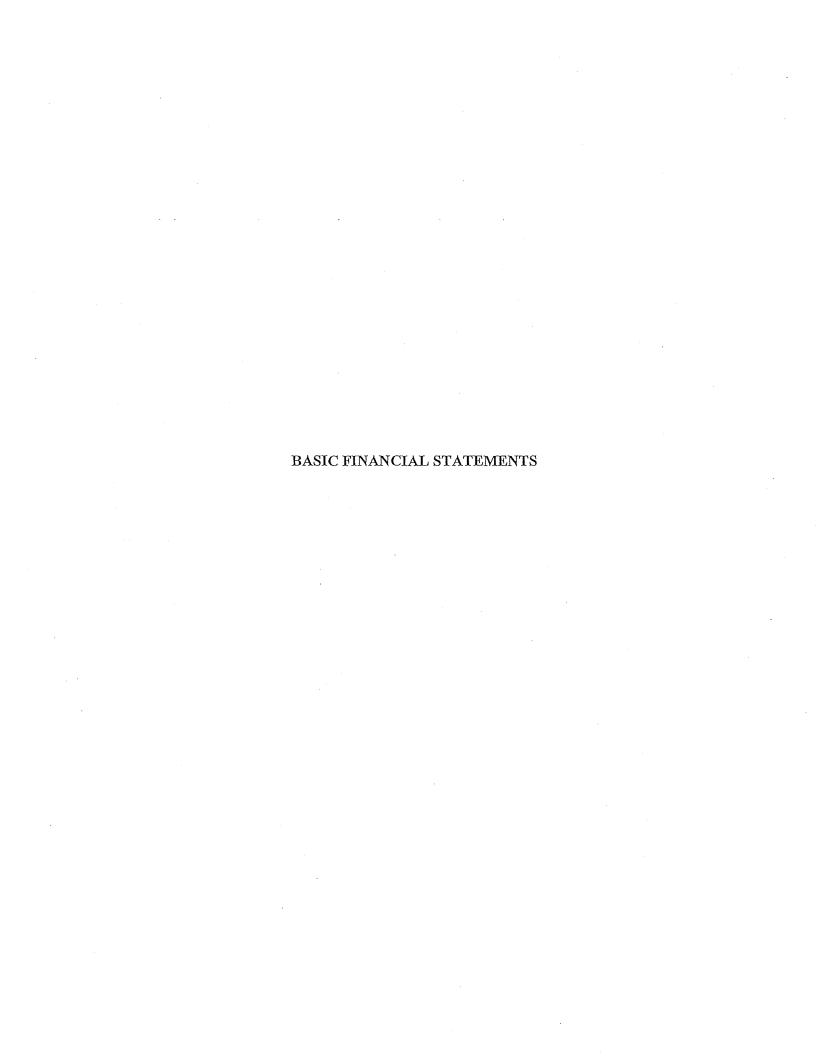
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's board of trustees adopted a budget of \$22,854,840 for the school year 2023-2024 with the tax rate of \$1.0947. This tax rate is a decrease of 13.6% over the prior year tax rate, of which \$0.7297 to be used for maintenance and operations and \$0.365 to be used for retirement of debt.

State funding for 2023-2024 is budgeted at \$12,146,289, which includes revenue for students in attendance in average of 2,158.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Pleasant Grove Independent School District, 8500 North Kings Highway, Texarkana, Texas.



PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

Data		Primary Government
Contro	l	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSE	rs	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 44,803,607
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	367,945
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(183,073)
1240	Due from Other Governments	2,226,261
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	2,616,270
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	52,814,897
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	704,550
1580	Construction in Progress	9,271,568
1000	Total Assets	112,622,025
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding	1,490,187
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	2,486,041
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,377,544
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,353,772
LIAB	ILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	2,118,091
2140	Accrued Interest Payable	143,101
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	80,770
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	1,360,751
2180	Due to Other Governments	33,220
2300	Unearned Revenue	97,717
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:	2,005,000
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	80,837,656
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	5,769,622
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	3,559,092
2000	Total Liabilities	96,005,020
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	407,298
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	5,627,610
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,034,908
NET	POSITION	
3200		15,418,842
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	13,410,042
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	611,502
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	3,255,783
3890	Restricted for Other Purposes	64,695
3900	Unrestricted	(3,414,953)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 15,935,869
5000	i otal tage e aprimit	φ 12,333,803

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net

Data					Program R	eve	nues	Position
Control			1		3		4	6
Codes							Operating	 Primary Gov.
		,	D		Charges for		Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
			Expenses		Services		Contributions	 Activities
Primary Government:								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
11 Instruction		\$	15,183,732	\$	259,923	\$	1,929,753	\$ (12,994,056)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Service	es		155,487		-		3,771	(151,716)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Develop	pment		575,498		-		23,687	(551,811)
21 Instructional Leadership			55,082		-		1,469	(53,613)
23 School Leadership			1,414,522				33,572	(1,380,950)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Serv	vices		468,310		-		82,920	(385,390)
33 Health Services			172,024		-		4,623	(167,401)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation			236,605		-		5,449	(231,156)
35 Food Services			966,569		357,611		717,725	108,767
36 Extracurricular Activities			2,159,567		93,989		17,349	(2,048,229)
41 General Administration			1,577,554		-		32,992	(1,544,562)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations			3,255,648		-		15,730	(3,239,918)
52 Security and Monitoring Services			251,175		-		5,794	(245,381)
53 Data Processing Services			577,467		-		9,323	(568,144)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term De	bt		3,141,424		-		-	(3,141,424)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and F	ees		4,730		-		-	(4,730)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arr	angements		182,087		-		-	(182,087)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges			217,738		-		-	(217,738)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMEN	Г:	\$	30,595,219	\$	711,523	\$	2,884,157	(26,999,539)
Data Contro Code:	Contorar in		es:			-		
M	T Proj	perty '	Taxes, Levied	for	General Purpose	es		10,301,760
D	T Pro	perty '	Taxes, Levied	for	Debt Service			4,137,749
S	F State A	id - I	Formula Grants	3				10,808,483
II	E Investr	nent l	Earnings					2,200,110
N	II Miscel	laneo	us Local and I	nter	mediate Revenu	е		 926,090
Т	R Total G	eneral	Revenues					28,374,192
C	N		Change in N	Vet:	Position			 1,374,653
А	B Net Positi	on - B	eginning					 14,561,216
A .	E Net Positi	on - E	inding					\$ 15,935,869

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

Data			10	50	60
Contro			General	Debt Service	Capital
Codes			Fund	Fund	Projects
AS	SETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,315,528	\$ 3,329,537	\$ 33,726,874
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		271,692	96,253	-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	*	(136,947)	(46,126)	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,307,903	3,513	-
1260	Due from Other Funds		696,337	16,665	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	9,454,513	\$ 3,399,842	\$ 33,726,874
LL	ABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	171,157	\$ 958	\$ 1,870,916
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		68,579	-	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		1,273,171	-	-
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		607,235
2180	Due to Other Governments		33,220) be	-
2300	Unearned Revenue		53,893	-	
2000	Total Liabilities		1,600,020	958	2,478,151
DI	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		123,926	45,866	-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		123,926	45,866	
FU	IND BALANCES			,	
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	, -	
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural		-	0.050.010	31,248,723
3480 3490	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Other Restricted Fund Balance		-	3,353,018	-
3490	Committed Fund Balance:		-	-	-
3525	Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable		207,000		_
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		600,000		
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance			-	_
	Assigned Fund Balance:				
3550	Construction		1,000,000	-	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		5,923,567	-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances		7,730,567	3,353,018	31,248,723
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	9,454,513	\$ 3,399,842	\$ 33,726,874

	Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	431,668	\$	44,803,607 367,945 (183,073)
	914,845 -		2,226,261 713,002
\$	1,346,513	\$	47,927,742
\$	75,060 12,191 87,580 105,767	\$	2,118,091 80,770 1,360,751 713,002 33,220
	43,824		97,717
	324,422		4,403,551
	_		169,792
	-		169,792
	611,502 - - 64,695		611,502 31,248,723 3,353,018 64,695
	- - 345,894		207,000 600,000 345,894
•			1,000,000 5,923,567
	1,022,091		43,354,399
\$	1,346,513	<u> </u>	47,927,742

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 43,354,399
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$84,600,069 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$27,813,232). In addition, long-term liabilities of (79,590,000), including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to (decrease) net position.	(22,803,163)
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	12,701,161
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$2,486,041, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$407,298), and a net pension liability in the amount of (\$5,769,622). This resulted in a (decrease) in net position.	(3,690,879)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,377,544, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$5,627,610), and a net OPEB liability in the amount of (\$3,559,092). This resulted in a (decrease) in net position.	(7,809,158)
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to (decrease) net position.	(2,150,713)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to (decrease) net position.	(3,665,778)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,935,869

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Cont			10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
R	EVENUES:				
5700 5800 5900	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	11,491,376 \$ 11,740,326 67,146	4,254,845 188,807	\$ 1,471,973 - -
5020	Total Revenues	-	23,298,848	4,443,652	1,471,973
E	XPENDITURES:				
	Current:			•	
0011	Instruction		12,914,410	_	21,445
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		151,040	_	
0012	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		521,918		_
0021	Instructional Leadership		53,608		-
0023	School Leadership		1,376,280	-	_
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		384,681	-	-
0033	Health Services		167,657	•	· _
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		228,347		-
0035	Food Services		, <u>.</u>	-	-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,456,733	. •	_
0041	General Administration		1,520,832	. -	-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,825,876	_	318,858
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		258,335	- .	
0053	Data Processing Services		549,804	-	-
	Debt Service:		110,000	1.000.000	
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		110,000	1,820,000	-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		14,175	3,327,728	-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:		1,150	3,580	-
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		-	-	10,476,077
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		182,087	~	-
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	-	217,738		-
6030	Total Expenditures		22,934,671	5,151,308	10,816,380
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCIAGO SOURCES (USES).		364,177	(707,656)	(9,344,407)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		1 204 001		
7915 8911	Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)		1,304,871 (1,304,871)	-	. **
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	`		-	-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	•	364,177	(707,656)	(9,344,407)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-1	7,366,390	4,060,674	40,593,130
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,730,567	\$ 3,353,018	\$ 31,248,723

	Total
Other	Governmental
Funds	Funds
runds	Lulias
s 1,062,643 \$	18,280,837
474,141	12,403,274
1,950,057	2,017,203
3,486,841	32,701,314
1,738,026	14,673,881
-	151,040
19,355	541,273
. •••	53,608
-	1,376,280
71,720	456,401
	167,657
-	228,347
1,038,916	1,038,916
577,905	2,034,638
-	1,520,832
-	3,144,734
-	258,335
-	549,804
-	1,930,000
-	3,341,903
-	4,730
· .	10,476,077
-	182,087
. 100	217,738
3,445,922	42,348,281
40,919	(9,646,967)
<u>-</u>	1,304,871
-	(1,304,871)
-	
40,919	(9,646,967)
981,172	53,001,366
\$ 1,022,091	\$ 43,354,399

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to (decrease) the change in net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position. GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$518,863. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$452,931). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net		12,701,161 (2,150,713)
of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to (decrease) the change in net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position. GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$518,863. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$452,931). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net		(2,150,713)
basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position. GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$518,863. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$452,931). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net		
outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$518,863. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$452,931). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net		146,685
pension expense (increased) decreased the change in net position by (\$293,743). The net result is a (decrease) in the change in net position.		(227,811)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$129,744. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$122,086). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense (increased)decreased the change in net position by \$544,640. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.	÷	552,298
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		1,374,653

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Note A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pleasant Grove Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "(GASB)" and other authoritative sources identified in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 76 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Number 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)". GASB Statement No. 96 requires recognition of certain right-to-use subscription assets and liabilities for SBITAs in the financial statements. The District did not have any material SBITAs individually or in the aggregate for the fiscal year.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of Pleasant Grove Independent School District. The members of the Board of Trustees are elected by the public; have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Pleasant Grove Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the District, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories – governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible, if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometime require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

4. Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.

Debt Service Fund - This governmental fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is established to account for proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Type:

Special Revenue Funds - The District accounts for resources restricted or committed for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Food Service fund is the only required budgeted fund. For all other funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

5. Cash Equivalents

The District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

6. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

7. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures. If any supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their total cost is recorded as inventory and the fund balance is reserved for the same amount.

8. Asset Capitalization and Useful Lives

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20-30
Furniture and Equipment	5-10

9. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate sick pay benefits, vacation and additional days worked beyond commitment. Carryover is limited on unused vacation and additional days worked beyond commitment to no more than ten days. It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits. The District adopted a new policy effective September 1, 2011 and ceased awarding local leave, thus no new local days can accumulate. All additional days worked beyond commitment and vacation pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. Local personal leave benefits are accrued when vested in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Debt payable is reported net of the applicable premium and discount. Debt issuance costs are recognized as expense in the current year. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued plus the net amount of premiums and discounts as other financing sources in the current period. Debt issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the current period.

11. Fund Equity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories as following:

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance — represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance—represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amount the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated with the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

12. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (The government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds Balance Sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one of more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

13. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2023, employees of Pleasant Grove Independent School District were covered by a uniform statewide health care program for public education employees. The District contributed \$250 per month. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay the remaining balance of the premium for employee coverage and/or dependents. All contributions/premiums were paid to the statewide health care program. The Plan was authorized by House Bill 3343 and will be administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The TRS board approved the selection of Blue Cross Blue Shield as the health plan administrator and Caremark as the pharmacy benefits manager for TRS-ActiveCare.

14. Workers' Compensation Plan

During the year ended August 31, 2023, Pleasant Grove ISD met its statutory worker's compensation obligations through participants in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2022, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$50,647,775 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended August 31, 2023, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

15. Risk Management - Claims and Judgments

In the normal course of operations, the District is exposed to risks of loss from a number of sources including fire and casualty losses, errors or omissions by board members and employees, and injuries to employees during the course of performing their duties. The District attempts to cover these losses by the purchase of insurance. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property and liability programs. The District entered into an agreement with the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund for their workers' compensation plan. The District participates in the State Administered Plan TRS — Active Care for employee health insurance coverage. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

In management's estimation, there are no current loss claims that exceed the maximum coverage or any material unfunded claim benefit obligation for the self-funded programs.

16. Restricted Assets

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

17. Functions

School Districts are required to report all expenses by function, except certain indirect expenses. General administration, data processing service and other intergovernmental charges functions (data control codes 41, 53, and 99 respectively) include expenses that are indirect expenses of other functions. These indirect expenses are not allocated to other functions.

18. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

19. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports appear in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.

Significant budget amendments were as follows:

General Fund:	
Increase in total local and intermediate sources	456,034
Increase in state program revenues	85,721
(Increase) in instruction expenditures	(414,567)
(Increase) in instructional resources and media services expenditures	(45,671)
(Increase) in curriculum and instructional staff development expenditures	(220,802)
(Increase) in instructional leadership expenditures	(58,314)
(Increase) in school leadership expenditures	(203,921)
(Increase) in guidance, counseling, and evaluation services expenditures	(93,615)
(Increase) in health services expenditures	(38,004)
(Increase) in student (pupil) transportation expenditures	(324,290)
(Increase)in extracurricular activities expenditures	(228,605)
(Increase) in general administration expenditures	(97,285)
(Increase) in facilities maintenance and operations expenditures	(446,114)
(Increase) in security and monitoring services	(1,184)
(Increase) in data processing services expenditures	(80,296)
(Increase) in facilities acquisition and construction expenditures	(34,900)
(Increase) in other intergovernmental charges	(25,000)
	(1,770,813)
Food Service Fund:	
Increase in total local and intermediate sources	161,250
Increase in state program revenues	5,768
Increase in federal program revenues	206,427
(Increase) in food services expenditures	(548,000)
	(174,555)
Debt Service Fund:	
(Decrease) in total local and intermediate sources	(3,676)
Increase in state program revenues	122,276
(Increase) in interest on long-term debt expenditures	(903,975)
	(785,375)

Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures in excess of NSLP, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds is as follows:

	August 31, 2023 Fund Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Non appropriated Budget Funds	611,502 410,589
All Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds	1,022,091

Note C. Deposits and Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

The captions and amounts of cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet at August 31, 2023 consist of the following:

		Debt	Capital	Other	Balance
	General	Service	Projects	Governmental	Sheet
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	31,576,064	(19,185,554)	33,726,874	(8,551,371)	37,566,013
Temporary Investments	(24,260,536)	22,515,091	-	8,983,039	7,237,594
Total	7,315,528	3,329,537	33,726,874	431,668	44,803,607

The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2023 and during the entire year were covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) governs the District's investment policies and types of investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

As of August 31, 2023, Pleasant Grove Independent School District had the following investments:

	Amortized
Investment Type	Cost
Lone Star Investment Pool	3,061,442
Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program ("TexStar")	4,176,152
Total Investment Pools	7,237,594
Total Investments	7,237,594

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star"), and the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program ("TexStar") are organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the <u>Texas Government Code</u>. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company ("Trust Company"), which is authorized to operate TexPool.

Lone Star's Advisory Board is composed of participants and other knowledgeable individuals representing public schools, public junior colleges, cities, counties, and other local governments. The purpose of the Advisory Board is to gather and exchange information from participants and nonparticipants relating to the operation of Lone Star Investment Pool. Lone Star employs an independent third-party bank, Mellon Bank, to perform custody and valuation services. Investment advisory services are provided by Standish Mellon and AMR Investments. An independent auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, provides an annual audit of Lone Star's financial statements.

TexStar is administered by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JP Morgan Chase. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and meet the requirements of the Texas PFIA for local government investment pools.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for Pleasant Grove Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk - To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposits; fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date and secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; public funds investment pools; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States rated not less than A or its equivalent issued by national recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2023, the District's investments in public funds investment pools were rated AAA and AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk - To limit the risk of changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires invested instruments maturities do not exceed one year from the time of purchase except when a longer maturity may be specifically authorized by the Board for a given investment provided legal limits are not exceeded.

Note D. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. The assessed value of the roll on January 1, 2022 upon which the levy for the 2023 fiscal year was based was \$1,148,802,969. The tax rates, levied for the year ended August 31, 2023, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligations long-term debt were \$0.9013 and \$0.3650 per \$100 per valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.2663 per \$100 valuation.

Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they are collected.

Note E. Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance (General Fund) and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note F. Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables

Receivables at August 31, 2023, were as follows:

· · · · · · ·	Property	Other	Other	Total
	Taxes	Governments	Funds	Receivables
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund	271,692	1,307,903	696,337	2,275,932
Debt Service	96,253	3,513	16,665	116,431
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
(Special Revenue)	·	914,845		914,845
Total - Governmental Activities	367,945	2,226,261	713,002	3,307,208
Amounts not scheduled for				
collection during the subsequent year	(183,073)		<u> </u>	(183,073)

Payables at August 31, 2023, were as follows:

	Accounts Payable	Salaries/ Benefits	Other Governments	Other Funds	Total Payables
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	171,157	1,341,750	33,220	-	1,546,127
Debt Service Fund	958	-	-	607,235	608,193
Capital Projects	1,870,916	-	-	-	1,870,916
Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
(Special Revenue)	75,060	99,771	-	105,767	280,598
Total - Governmental Activities	2,118,091	1,441,521	33,220	713,002	4,305,834

Note G. Capital Asset Activity

During the current year, the District purchased several capital assets, including, a Ford Transit, a Ford Interceptor, a Buick Enclave, a GMC Terrain, a reach in freezer, two gas ranges, three double convection ovens, a sneeze guard, and a floor mixer. The total of these purchases were \$273,640 and is reflected as an addition to furniture and equipment. The District also spent \$41,407 on the purchase and installation of a motorized gate and pole light at the preschool.

In May of 2022, the District signed a \$2,116,334 construction contract with Harrison, Walker & Harper, LLC for work performed on the middle school roof and HVAC. During the fiscal year 2022, the District incurred \$567,417 of expenditures related to this contract. In fiscal year 2023, the District approved one change order for \$8,700 and incurred the remaining \$1,557,617 contracted costs. At August 31, 2023, this project totaling \$2,125,034 was completed and reclassified to Buildings and Improvements.

In fiscal year 2022, the District paid \$12,950 in costs associated with the construction of a new high school cafeteria. In June of 2023, the District signed a \$5,872,755 construction contract with Harrison, Walker & Harper, LLC for this project. In fiscal year 2023, the District incurred \$286,833 in architect fees, \$381,219 in construction costs, and \$51,178 in other project costs. Total project costs of \$732,180 are reflected in construction in progress at August 31, 2023.

In fiscal year 2022, the District paid \$156,633 in architect costs and \$17,988 in other costs related to the renovation of the old high school cafeteria into a college and career counseling center. In August of 2022, the District signed a \$3,263,196 construction contract with Harrison, Walker & Harper, LLC for this project. In fiscal year 2023, the District incurred \$46,777 in architect fees, \$3,220,850 in construction costs, and \$50,945 in other project costs. Total project costs of \$3,493,193 are reflected in construction in progress at August 31, 2023.

In fiscal year 2022, the District incurred \$180,000 in engineering costs and \$5,500 of other costs related to the construction of a new high school field house. During the current year, the District signed a \$7,071,336 construction contract with Harrison, Walker & Harper, LLC for this project. In fiscal year 2023, the District incurred \$191,194 in architect fees, \$3,380,791 in construction costs, and \$142,967 in other project costs. Total project costs of \$3,900,452 are reflected in construction in progress at August 31, 2023.

In fiscal year 2023, the District started a Baseball/Softball Facility project. In the current year, the District incurred \$126,000 in architect fees, \$265,000 in land clearing and preparation costs, and \$154,762 in other project related expenditures. At August 31, 2023, there were no construction commitments and total project costs of \$545,762 are reflected in construction in progress.

During the current year, the District signed a \$1,546,548 construction contract with Harrison, Walker & Harper, LLC for a middle school addition project. In fiscal year 2023, the District incurred \$79,393 in architect fees, \$507,107 in construction costs, and \$13,481 in other project costs. Total project costs of \$599,981 are reflected in construction in progress at August 31, 2023.

During the current year, the District recycled or otherwise disposed of fully depreciated tech equipment with a total original cost of \$996,694.

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning		Reclassifications/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Land	2,616,270	_	:_	2,616,270
Building and Improvements	77,437,319	41,407	2,125,034	79,603,760
Furniture and Equipment	3,605,992	273,640	(966,694)	2,912,938
Construction in Progress	940,488	10,456,114	(2,125,034)	9,271,568
Totals at Historic Cost	84,600,069	10,771,161	(966,694)	94,404,536
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(24,807,519)	(1,981,344)	· <u>-</u>	(26,788,863)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,005,713)	(169,369)	966,694	(2,208,388)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(27,813,232)	(2,150,713)	966,694	(28,997,251)
Governmental Activities, Net:				
Land	2,616,270	-	-	2,616,270
Building and Improvements	52,629,800	(1,939,937)	2,125,034	52,814,897
Furniture and Equipment	600,279	104,271	-	704,550
Construction in Progress	940,488	10,456,114	(2,125,034)	9,271,568
Capital Assets, Net	56,786,837	8,620,448		65,407,285

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	1,204,749
Instructional Resources and Media Services	12,401
Curriculum Development and Instructional Staff	44,439
Instructional Development	4,401
School Leadership	112,995
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	37,471
Health Services	13,765
Student (Pupil) Transportation	18,747
Food Services	85,297
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	167,047
General Administration	124,863
Plant Maintenance and Operations	258,188
Security and Monitoring Service	21,210
Data Processing Services	45,140
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	2,150,713

Note H. Maintenance Tax Note Obligations

On July 17, 2012 the District issued \$2,235,000 of Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. This issue redeemed in full Pleasant Grove Independent School District Maintenance Tax Note Refunding, Series 2008 in the amount of \$720,000 and Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 in the amount of \$1,495,000 and resolving other matters incident and related to the issuance, sale, payment and delivery of said Bonds. The Series 2012 has a stated interest rate of 2.25% and will mature in 2028. As a result, the Maintenance Tax Note Refunding Series 2008 and Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2008 was considered defeased and the District removed the liability from its financial statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, maintenance tax note obligations of the District current requirements are accounted for in the General Fund in Functions 71, 72 and 73 — Debt Service for payment of principal, interest and fees, respectively. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District paid \$110,000 in principal, \$14,175 in interest, and \$1,150 in fees.

A summary of changes in Maintenance Tax Note Obligations for the year ended August 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Stated	Amounts	Amounts			Amounts
	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Purpose	Rate	Issue	09/01/22	Issued	Retired	08/31/23
Refunding of 2008 Maintenance Note						
and 2008 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds						
Series 2012 due in annual installments						
through August 31, 2028	2.25%	2,235,000	685,000	•	110,000	575,000

Maintenance Tax Note Obligations requirements are as follows:

Maintenance Tax Note Obligations - Direct Borrowing

Year Ended			Total
August 31	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2024	110,000	11,700	121,700
2025	115,000	9,169	124,169
2026	115,000	6,581	121,581
2027	115,000	3,993	118,993
2028	120,000	1,350	121,350
	575,000	32,793	607,793

In the government-wide financial statements, maintenance note indebtedness is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. The deferred charge on refunding the maintenance note, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$3,170 at August 31, 2023. Amortization of \$1,370 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2023. See Note L for more details.

Note I. Bonds Payable and Debt Service Requirements

On July 1, 2014, the District issued \$8,635,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 issued to redeem a portion Pleasant Grove Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding and School Building Bonds, Series 2007. The Series 2014 was comprised of \$8,020,000 in Serial Current Interest Bonds with a stated interest rate of 3.50-4.00% and \$615,000 in Premium Capital Appreciation Bonds that matured at \$980,000 August 15, 2015.

On February 1, 2015, the District issued \$8,460,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 issued to redeem a portion of Pleasant Grove Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding and School Building Bonds, Series 2007 in the amount of \$10,032,467 representing the original principal amount of the Bonds of \$8,460,000, plus an original issue premium of \$1,626,797, less an Underwriters' discount of \$54,330. The Series 2015 was comprised of Current Interest Bonds with a stated interest rate of 3.00 - 5.00%.

On May 8, 2018, the taxpayers of the District approved a bond issue to construct, equip and renovate school buildings in the District and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. On June 26, 2018, the District issue \$17,945,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2018. The stated interest rates range from 3.00% to 5.00%. The final payment on the bonds will be made February 15, 2043.

On December 16, 2020, the District issued \$3,875,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A to redeem Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$3,920,000. The Series 2020A was comprised of \$3,875,000 in Serial Current Interest Bonds and premium of \$189,356 at the date of issue and a stated interest rate of 2.00%-3.00%. The Series 2020A bonds are set to mature in 2025. The defeased bonds are called for redemption on December 16, 2020.

On December 16, 2020, the District issued \$16,615,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020B to redeem Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 in the amount of \$6,740,000, a portion of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 in the amount of \$6,265,000, and a portion of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 in the amount of \$3,630,000. The Series 2020B was comprised of \$16,615,000 in Serial Current Interest Bonds and premium of \$2,127,137 at the date of issue and a stated interest rate of 1.72%-5.00%. The Series 2020B bonds are set to mature in 2032. The District deposited \$18,641,561 into an escrow fund. The defeased bonds are called for redemption and shall be redeemed February 15, 2023 and February 15, 2024. The aggregate principal amount defeased is \$16,635,000.

On August 1, 2022, the District issued \$39,455,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022 to (i) acquire, construct, renovate and equip school buildings in the District (ii) for the purchase of necessary sites for school buildings and (iii) pay costs of issuing the bonds. The stated interest rates range from 4.00% to 5.00%. The final payment on the bonds will be made February 15, 2052.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the current expenditures for principal and in interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District paid \$1,820,000 in principal, \$3,327,728 in interest, and \$3,580 in fees.

A summary of changes in bonded indebtedness for the year ended August 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Stated Interest Rate	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 09/01/22	Issuance / Accretion	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 08/31/23
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014			•			
Serial Current Interest Bonds due						
February 15, 2023, 2024, 2028-2030	3.5-4.0%	8,020,000	1,755,000		650,000	1,105,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015						
Serial Current Interest Bonds due						
February 15, 2018 -2022, 2023, 2025-2027	3.0-5.0%	8,460,000	1,495,000	-	275,000	1,220,000
Unlimited Tax School Bldg Bonds- Series 2018 due in annual installments						
through February 15, 2043	3.0-5.0%	17,945,000	17,500,000	-	130,000	17,370,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A Serial Current Interest Bonds due February 15, 2021-2025	2.0-3.0%	3,875,000	2,370,000	-	765,000	1,605,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020B Serial Current Interest Bonds due February 15, 2021, 2026-2032	1.72% - 5.0%	16,615,000	16,330,000	•	•	16,330,000
Unlimited Tax School Bldg Bonds - Series 2022 due in annual installments through February 15, 2052	4.0-5.0%	39,455,000	39,455,000	<u>-</u> 	-	39,455,000
			78,905,000		1,820,000	77,085,000

Bonded debt service requirements are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds				
Year Ended			Total		
August 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Requirements		
2024	1,895,000	3,244,429	5,139,429		
2025	2,035,000	3,171,829	5,206,829		
2026	1,305,000	3,100,554	4,405,554		
2027	2,245,000	3,011,804	5,256,804		
2028	2,415,000	2,895,304	5,310,304		
2029-2033	11,860,000	13,200,124	25,060,124		
2034-2038	10,620,000	11,312,550	21,932,550		
2039-2043	11,430,000	8,632,500	20,062,500		
2044-2048	16,935,000	5,174,100	22,109,100		
2049-2052	16,345,000	1,340,300	17,685,300		
	77,085,000	55,083,494	132,168,494		

In the government-wide financial statements, bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premium/discount proceeds, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$5,067,353 at August 31, 2023. Bond premium/discount proceeds are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization of \$598,350 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2023.

	Series 2014	Series 2015	Series 2018	Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2022	Total
Premium on issuance of bonds	(37,292)	(161,479)	(1,808,288)	(75,200)	(1,666,584)	(1,916,860)	(5,665,703)
Current year amortization	15,882	68,771	111,844	44,100	276,110	81,643	598,350
Premium on issuance of bonds, net	(21,410)	(92,708)	(1,696,444)	(31,100)	(1,390,474)	(1,835,217)	(5,067,353)

The deferred charge on refunding bonds, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$1,487,017 at August 31, 2023. Amortization of \$323,706 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2023. See Note L for more details.

Pleasant Grove Independent School District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Pleasant Grove Independent School District.

There are a number of limitations and restriction contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is incompliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2023.

Note J. Accumulated Leave Benefits Payable

Certain employees earn vacation and additional days worked beyond commitment, which may be either taken or accumulated. Carryover is limited on vacation and additional days worked beyond commitment to no more than ten days. Vacation and additional days worked beyond commitment payable at August 31, 2023 totaled \$26,743.

Employees earn leave, which may either be taken or accumulated. Employees who retire from Pleasant Grove Independent School District are entitled to payment of their accumulated local personal leave in a lump sum payment. Vested accumulated leave benefits payable at August 31, 2023 totaled \$88,560.

A summary of changes in the accumulated leave benefits liability follows:

Balance September 1, 2022	65,114
Additions	50,189
Deductions	
Balance August 31, 2023	115,303

Note K. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

•	Beginning		• •	Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Notes and Bonds Payable;					
Maintenance Tax Note Obligations	685,000	-	110,000	575,000	110,000
General Obligation Bonds	78,905,000	-	1,820,000	77,085,000	1,895,000
Premium/Discount on Issuance of Bonds, Net	5,665,703	-	598,350	5,067,353	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	85,255,703	46 	2,528,350	82,727,353	2,005,000
Other Liabilities:					
Accumulated Leave Benefits Liability	65,114	50,189	-	115,303	_
Net Pension Liability	2,334,823	3,434,799		5,769,622	-
Net OPEB Liability	5,649,986		2,090,894	3,559,092	-
Total Other Liabilities	8,049,923	3,484,988	2,090,894	9,444,017	
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	93,305,626	3,484,988	4,619,244	92,171,370	2,005,000

Note L. Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred Charges for Refundings (Government Wide)

The following is a summary of changes in deferred outflows of resources for the year ended August 31, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deduction	Ending Balance
Deferred charges on refunding notes	4,540		(1,370)	3,170
Deferred charges on refunding bonds:				
Series 2014	44,338	-	(18,883)	25,455
Series 2015	65,674	-	(27,970)	37,704
Series 2020A	(12,246)	-	7,182	(5,064)
Series 2020B	1,712,957	-	(284,035)	1,428,922
Total on refunding bonds:	1,810,723		(323,706)	1,487,017
Total	1,815,263	••	(325,076)	1,490,187

Note M. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (TRS)

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description. Pleasant Grove Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and percent increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2022 and 2023 and the contributions by type of contributions reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the measurement year (TRS FY 2022). These are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contribution Rates

	2022	2023
Member (Employees)	8.00%	8.00%
Employer (District)	7.75%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%	8.00%
	•	
PGISD Fiscal Year Member Contributions	1,163,303	1,270,293
PGISD Fiscal Year Employer Contributions	452,931	518,863
PGISD NECE On-Behalf Contributions	838,171	884,817

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- > On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- > During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- > When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- > When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Net Pension Liability. Components of the net pension liability of the plan as of August 31, 2022 are disclosed below:

Components of Liability		Amount
Total Pension Liability	\$	243,553,045,455
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(184,185,617,196)
Net Pension Liability	S	59,367,428,259
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability		75.62%

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward to

August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-Term Expected Rate 7.00%

3.91% - The source for the rate is

the Fixed Income Market

Data/Yield Curve/

Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only

federally taxexempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's '20-Year Municipal GO

AA Index"

Last year ending August 31 in

Projection Period 2121

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022

(100) years

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment

benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

Asset Class ¹	Target Allocation %²	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ³	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity		1 Annual Market and Control of the C	
USA	18.0%	4.6%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.9%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	5.4%	0.75%
Private Equity	14.0%	7.7%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	1.0%	0.22%
Absolute Return	0.0%	3.7%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	3.4%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.1%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.0%	5.1%	0.37%
Commodities	0.0%	3.6%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.0%	4.6%	0.43%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	3.0%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	6.0%	3.6%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.91%
Total	100.00%		8.19%

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)
PGISD's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	8,975,344	5,769,622	3,171,234

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2023, Pleasant Grove ISD reported a liability of \$5,769,622 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Pleasant Grove ISD. The amount recognized by Pleasant Grove ISD as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Pleasant Grove ISD were as follows:

² Target Allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model

³ Capital Asset Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2022).

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 5,769,622
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_ 11,257,173_
Total	\$17,026,795

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.009718497 %, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0005502698% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, Pleasant Grove School recognized pension expense of \$1,822,732 and revenue of \$1,076,058 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2023, Pleasant Grove School reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 83,659	\$ 125,789
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,075,068	267,937
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	570,021	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	238,430	13,572
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$ 1,967,178	\$ 407,298
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the		
Net Pension Liability (to be calculated by employer)	518,863	-
Total as of August 31, 2023 fiscal year-end	\$ 2,486,041	\$ 407,298

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year ended	Expense
August 31:	Amount
2024	423,117
2025	227,015
2026	93,730
2027	698,834
2028	117,183
Thereafter	1
	\$ 1,559,880

Note N. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Plan Description. Pleasant Grove Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS- Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	<u>Medicare</u>		Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse		468		408
and Children				
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor which were reported for the district by TRS for the measurement year. These are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the Net TRS-Care liability.

Contribution Rates

	2022	2023
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
PGISD's Fiscal Year Member Contributions	94,518	103,212
PGISD's Fiscal Year Employer Contributions	122,086	129,744
Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions	153,305	148,926

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray COVID-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality	Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement	General Inflation
Rates of Termination	Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward to

August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry-Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.91% as of August 31, 2022

Aging Factors

Based on plan specific experience
Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care

benefits are included in the age-

Expenses adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.25 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 13 years.

Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 3.91 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower than and one percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (3.91 percent) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.91%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.91%)
PGISD's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	4,196,452	3,559,092	3,042,749

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2023 the District reported a liability of \$3,559,092 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,559,092
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	4,341,533
Total	\$ 7,900,625

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0148642313%, compared to 0.000217274% as of August 31, 2021.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of Net			
OPEB Liability	2,932,708	3,559,092	4,371,119

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date — There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

On August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers for the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred
•			Inflows	
		of Resources		of Resources
Difference between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$	197,873	\$	2,965,043
Changes in actuarial assumptions		542,120		2,472,646
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		10,602		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		497,205		189,921
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date		1,247,800		5,627,610
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of				
the Net OPEB Liability (to be calculated by employer)		129,744		-
Total as of August 31, 2023 fiscal year-end	\$	1,377,544	\$	5,627,610

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB			
Year ended	Expense			
August 31:	Amount			
2024	\$ (828,008)			
2025	(827,970)			
2026	(677,042)			
2027	(472,710)			
2028	(545,982)			
Thereafter	(1,028,098)			
	\$(4,379,810)			

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,038,653) and revenue of (\$616,099) for support provided by the State.

Note O. Medicare Part D (TRS)

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy - The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (knows as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care receives payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity.

The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submission by reporting entities for the month of May. Any questions about payroll amounts should be directed to a reporting entity's payroll contact.

Contribution amounts are as follows: State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Pleasant Grove Independent School District's employees were \$81,571 for the year ended August 31, 2023. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Pleasant Grove Independent School District's employees were \$45,267 for the year ended August 31, 2022. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Pleasant Grove Independent School District's employees were \$60,490 for the year ended August 31, 2021.

Note P. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation - The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

Grant Programs - The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2023 may be impaired.

In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note Q. Due From/To Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from/to federal and state governments as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from/to Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Entitlements	Agency	Total
Governmental Activities:				
Due From Other Governments:				
General Fund	1,299,011	berr	8,892	1,307,903
Debt Service Fund	-	-	3,513	3,513
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
(Special Revenue)	156,173	758,672		914,845
	1,455,184	758,672	12,405	2,226,261
Due To Other Governments:				
General Fund	33,220			33,220

Note R. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue at August 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Nonmajor	Governmental
General	Governmental	Funds
Fund	Funds	Total
43,072	· •	43,072
10,821	-	10,821
-	29,891	29,891
	13,933	13,933
53,893	43,824	97,717
	Fund 43,072 10,821 -	General Fund Governmental Funds 43,072 - 10,821 - - 29,891 - 13,933

Note S. Deferred Inflows of Resources (Governmental Funds)

Unavailable revenue – property taxes at August 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds Total
Net uncollected tax revenue	123,926	45,866	169,792
Total unavailable revenue	123,926	45,866	169,792

Note T. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	Governmental Funds
Revenue Sources	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Property taxes and related income	10,345,122	4,185,840	-	-	14,530,962
Investment income	659,132	69,005	1,471,973	-	2,200,110
Food service revenue	-	-	-	357,611	357,611
Athletic	93,989		-	_	93,989
Tuition and fees	19,991	. . .	-	· _	19,991
Insurance Recovery	4,625	-		•	4,625
Foundation, gifts	-	-	-	123,572	123,572
Other local sources	368,517	-	-	581,460	949,977
	11,491,376	4,254,845	1,471,973	1,062,643	18,280,837

Note U. General Fund Federal Source Revenues

Program or Source	ALN	 Amount
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)	N/A	49,146
ERATE	N/A	18,000
		\$ 67,146

Note V. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in several Shared Service Arrangements ("SSA") described as follows:

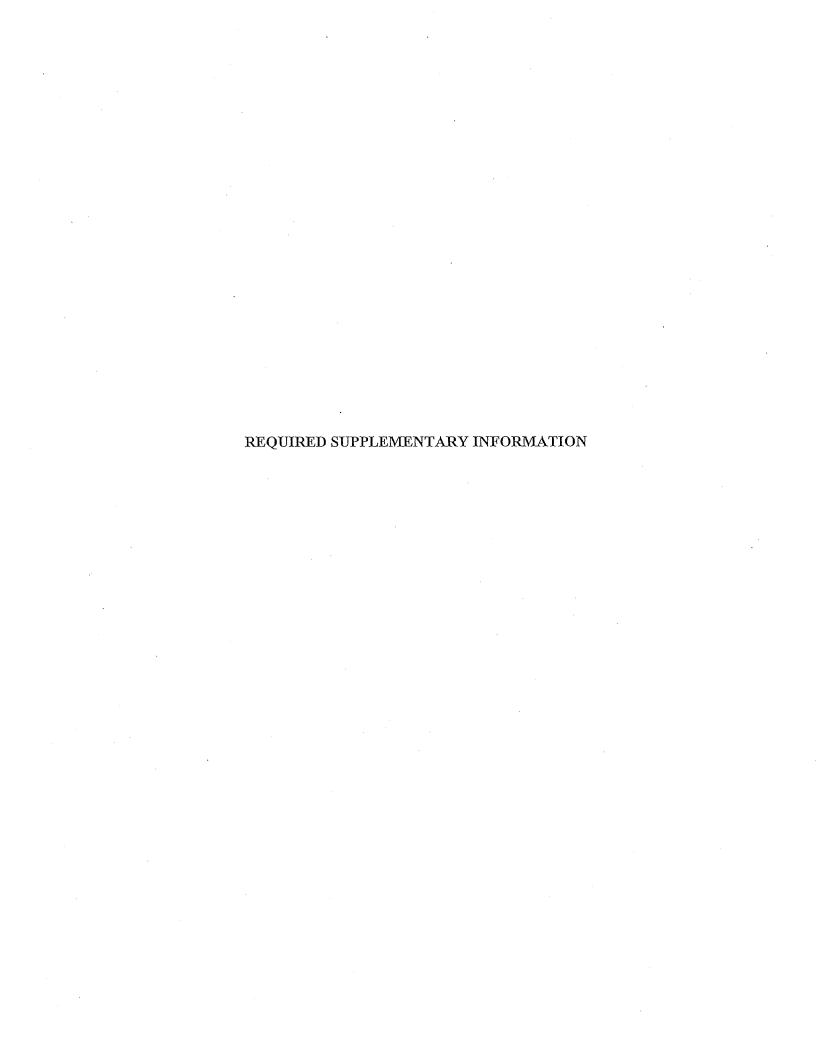
State/Local Funded - Bowie County Schools Transportation Department fiscal agent: The District participates in a state/local funded SSA which provides transportation services to member districts. In addition to the District, other member districts include all the districts in Bowie County. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The Texas Education Agency and the member districts provide funds to the fiscal agent. Although a portion of the funding received by the fiscal agent from the Texas Education Agency is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures of this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The District has accounted for their portion of the payment of the activities of the SSA in the General Fund Function 93, Shared Services Arrangements, and has accounted for the payment using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. These payments totaled \$182,087 for the year ended August 31, 2023.

A detail of Function 93 is as follows:

Federally Funded – Region VIII Service Center fiscal agent: The District participates in federally funded Shared Services Arrangements which provide vocational education services and migratory education services to member districts. In addition to the District, there are several other member districts. Although a portion of the funding received by the fiscal agent from the Texas Education Agency is attributable to the District's participation, the District dos not account for revenues or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The fiscal agent is responsible for all financial activities of these shared service arrangements.

Note W. Subsequent Events

Management evaluated subsequent events after the date of the balance sheet and prior to the release of these financial statements which was January 17, 2024.



PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Contr	ol		Budgeted A	\mo	unts		ctual Amounts SAAP BASIS)	Fi	iance With nal Budget
Code	s		Original		Final				ositive or Negative)
R	EVENUES:								
5700 5800		\$	10,605,376 11,118,067 50,000	\$	11,061,410 11,203,788 50,000	\$	11,491,376 11,740,326 67,146	\$	429,966 536,538 17,146
5020	Total Revenues		21,773,443		22,315,198		23,298,848		983,650
	XPENDITURES:	_							
	Current:								
0011 0012	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		12,485,433 154,329		12,900,000 200,000		12,914,410 151,040		(14,410) 48,960
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		379,198		600,000		521,918		78,082
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,686		60,000		53,608		6,392
0023	School Leadership		1,296,079 306,385		1,500,000 400,000		1,376,280 384,681		123,720 15,319
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Health Services		161,996		200,000		167,657		32,343
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		125,710		450,000		228,347		221,653
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,271,395		1,500,000		1,456,733		43,267
0041	General Administration		1,502,715		1,600,000		1,520,832		79,168
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,553,886		3,000,000		2,825,876		174,124
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		339,227		340,411		258,335		82,076
0053	Data Processing Services Debt Service:		519,704		600,000		549,804		50,196
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		175,000		175,000		110,000		65,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		25,000		25,000		14,175		10,825
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:		700		700		1,150		(450)
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		-		34,900		~		34,900
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of	SSA	275,000		275,000		182,087		92,913
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		200,000		225,000		217,738		7,262
6030	Total Expenditures		21,773,443		24,086,011		22,934,671		1,151,340
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(1,770,813)		364,177		2,134,990
(OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7915	Transfers In		-		-		1,304,871		1,304,871
8911	Transfers Out (Use)				_		(1,304,871)		(1,304,871)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		•
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(1,770,813))	364,177		2,134,990
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,366,390		7,366,390		7,366,390		<u>ba</u>
2000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,366,390	\$	5,595,577	\$	7,730,567	\$	2,134,990

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	_P	FY 2023 lan Year 2022	P1	FY 2022 an Year 2021	PI	FY 2021 an Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.009718497%		0.009168227%		0.00917643%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,769,622	\$	2,334,823	\$	4,914,709
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		11,257,173		5,001,847		10,525,800
Total	\$	17,026,795	\$	7,336,670	\$	15,440,509
District's Covered Payroll	\$	14,541,302	\$	13,653,328	\$	13,325,277
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.68%		17.10%		36.88%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Pl	FY 2020 an Year 2019	Pl	FY 2019 an Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year]	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	· _]	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year
	0.009111343%		0.009190657%		0.009136099%		0.008589306%		0,0088437%	0.0039584%
\$	4,736,361	\$	5,058,761	\$	2,921,232	\$	3,245,771	\$	3,126,130	\$ 1,057,343
	9,165,771		9,790,275		6,132,262		7,574,429		7,289,680	6,643,653
\$	13,902,132	\$	14,849,036	\$	9,053,494	\$	10,820,200	\$	10,415,810	\$ 7,700,996
\$	11,534,484	\$	11,105,587	\$	11,276,722	\$	11,047,817	\$	10,696,865	\$ 10,633,842
	41.06%		45.55%		25.90%		29.38%		29.22%	9.94%
	75.24%		73.74%	ı	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%	83.25%

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

	-	2023	2022		2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$.	518,863 \$	452,931	\$	386,746
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(518,863)	(452,931)		(386,746)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	-	\$.	**
District's Covered Payroll	\$	15,878,678 \$	14,541,302	\$	13,653,328
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.27%	3.11%		2.83%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	
261,866	\$	272,904	\$	299,428	\$	309,510	\$	311,860	383,054 \$	\$
(261,866)	+	(272,904)		(299,428)) .	(309,510)		(311,860)	(383,054)	
-	\$		\$		\$	•	\$		- \$	\$
10,696,865	\$	11,047,817	\$	11,276,722	\$	11,105,587	\$	11,534,484	13,325,277 \$	\$
2.45%		2.47%)	2.66%	, o	2.79%	,	2.70%	2.87%	

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	P	FY 2023 Ian Year 2022	_P	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	_P]	FY 2021 lan Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.014864231%		0.014646957%		0.014665099%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	3,559,092	\$	5,649,986	\$	5,574,866
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		4,341,533		7,569,722		7,491,284
Total	\$	7,900,625	\$	13,219,708	\$	13,066,150
District's Covered Payroll	\$	14,541,302	\$	13,653,328	\$	13,325,277
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		24.48%		41.38%		41.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 FY 2020 Plan Year	 FY 2019 Plan Year	FY 2018 Plan Year
0.013855543%	0.014377906%	0.014227513%
\$ 6,552,456	\$ 7,179,020	\$ 6,187,012
8,706,748	9,720,387	8,876,706
\$ 15,259,204	\$ 16,899,407	\$ 15,063,718
\$ 11,534,484	\$ 11,105,587	\$ 11,276,722
56.81%	64.64%	54.87%
2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

		2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	129,744	\$ 122,086	\$ 114,426
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(129,744)	(122,086)	(114,426)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$.	15,878,678	\$ 14,541,302	\$ 13,653,328
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.82%	0.84%	0.84%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2020	2019	2018				
\$ 111,465	\$ 98,333	\$	92,213			
(111,465)	(98,333)		(92,213)			
\$	\$ -	\$	-			
\$ 13,325,277	\$ 11,534,484	\$	11,105,587			
0.84%	0.85%		0.83%			

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of Assumptions.

There was a change in the actuarial assumptions. The primary change was lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits.

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions.

The single discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.

Lower participation rates and updates to health care trend rate assumptions were also factors that decreased the Total OPEB liability.



PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

_			211		224		225		240
Data		E	SEA I, A	IDE	EA - Part B	IDEA - Part B			National
Contro		I	nproving		Formula		Preschool	Br	eakfast and
Codes		Bas	ic Program					Lui	nch Program
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	27,815	\$	29,260	\$	45	\$	680,995
1240	Due from Other Governments		28,170		70,748		-		44,440
1000	Total Assets	\$	55,985	\$	100,008	\$	45	\$	725,435
Ι	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	55,684
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		3,104		6,395		45		2,647
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		25,066		31,777		-		23,090
2170	Due to Other Funds		27,815		61,836		-		2,621
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		• -		-		29,891
2000	Total Liabilities		55,985		100,008		45	-	113,933
]	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		611,502
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		. –		611,502
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	55,985	\$	100,008	\$	45	\$	725,435

	244		255	2	266		281	282	 284		289		410
C	areer and	ESI	EA II,A	ESS	ER 1 -		ESSER II	ESSER III	IDEA B	0	ther Federal		State
Te	echnical -	Trai	ning and	Emerg	ency Sch	(CRRSA Act	ARP Act	Formula		Special	I	nstructional
Ba	isic Grant	Re	cruiting	Relie	f Fund	S	Supplemental		 ARP Act	Re	evenue Funds		Materials
\$	1,258	\$		\$	-	\$	(539,777)	\$ (11,375)	\$ (57,773)	\$	_	\$	4,104
	-		-		-		539,777	11,375	64,162				23,120
\$	1,258	\$	**	\$		\$	_	\$ 140	\$ 6,389	\$	-	\$	27,224
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	1 250		-		-		-	-	6,389		-		-
	1,258		-		-		-	-	0,369				13,291
	-		_		_		-	-	_		_		13,933
	1,258		_				-	 -	 6,389		-		27,224
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-				••		_		-		-
	_		_	١	_		-		-		-		-
			-					 	 _		-		-
\$	1,258	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$ -	\$ 6,389	\$	-	\$	27,224

EXHIBIT H-1

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

			429	461		499		Total
Data			Other State			Other Local		
Contro	1	,		Campus	(Nonmajor
Codes		_	Special	Activity	~	Special	G	overnmental
		Re	evenue Funds	Funds 	Re	evenue Funds		Funds
I	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(113,677)\$	345,894	\$	64,899	\$	431,668
1240	Due from Other Governments		133,053			-		914,845
1000	Total Assets	\$	19,376 \$	345,894	\$	64,899	\$	1,346,513
I	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	19,376 \$	_	\$	•	\$	75,060
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		-	_		-		12,191
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-	-				87,580
2170	Due to Other Funds		-			204		105,767
2300	Unearned Revenue		- ,					43,824
2000	Total Liabilities		19,376	_		204		324,422
]	FUND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	_		-		611,502
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-	_		64,695		64,695
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	345,894		-		345,894
3000	Total Fund Balances		_	345,894		64,695		1,022,091
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,376 \$	345,894	,\$	64,899	\$	1,346,513

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

		211			224		225		240	
Data		ES	SEA I, A		DEA - Part B	ID	DEA - Part B	National		
Contro	ol .		nproving		Formula		Preschool	Breakfast and		
Codes			asic Program			1 100011001		Lunch Program		
F	REVENUES:						·			
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	427,956	
5800	State Program Revenues				-		-		4,859	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		229,783		199,173		7,041		712,866	
5020	Total Revenues		229,783		199,173		7,041		1,145,681	
E	EXPENDITURES:									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		229,783		199,173		7,041		-	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-		-		_			
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services				-		-		=	
0035	Food Services		. -		-		-		1,038,916	
0036	Extracurricular Activities		-				-			
6030	Total Expenditures		229,783		199,173		7,041		1,038,916	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance				· -		-		106,765	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		<u>.</u>		N		_		504,737	
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	611,502	

	244	255		266	 281	282	284		289	410
Ca	areer and	ESEA II,A		ESSER 1 -	ESSER II	ESSER III	IDEA B	О	ther Federal	State
Τe	echnical -	Training and	Eı	mergency Sch	CRRSA Act	ARP Act	Formula		Special	Instructional
Ba	asic Grant	Recruiting		Relief Fund	 Supplemental	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ARP Act	Re	evenue Funds	 Materials
\$	· _	\$ -	\$	~	\$ - (\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$
	-	_		-	17,822				-	23,120
	19,522	46,795		-	606,954	18,303	93,994		15,626	
	19,522	 46,795		•	 624,776	 18,303	 93,994		15,626	 23,120
	19,522	46,795		-	553,056	(1,052)	93,994		15,626	23,120
	-	-		-	_	19,355	-		-	-
	~	-		-	71,720	-	-		-	-
	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	 		Leg	 -	 · -	 		-	
	19,522	 46,795			 624,776	 18,303	 93,994		15,626	 23,120
	-	-		-	-	· =	-		-	
	-	 		-	 <u>.</u>	 -			-	 -
\$	-	\$ •	\$	-	\$ · -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	**	\$ -

EXHIBIT H-2

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

		429	461	499	Total
Data	Ot	her State	Campus	Other Local	Nonmajor
Control	5	Special	Activity	Special	Governmental
Codes	Reve	enue Funds	Funds	Revenue Funds	Funds
REVENUES:			1-1-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4		
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	- \$	511,115	\$ 123,572	\$ 1,062,643
5800 State Program Revenues		428,340	-	-	474,141
5900 Federal Program Revenues		-	-	-	1,950,057
5020 Total Revenues		428,340	511,115	123,572	3,486,841
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		428,340	-	122,628	1,738,026
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	- .	-	19,355
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	-	-	71,720
0035 Food Services		-	-	-	1,038,916
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	577,905	-	577,905
6030 Total Expenditures		428,340	577,905	122,628	3,445,922
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(66,790)	944	40,919
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)			412,684	63,751	981,172
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	- \$	345,894	\$ 64,695	\$ 1,022,091



PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	(1)	(2)	(3)		
ast 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
014 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
	1.090000	0.350000	856,637,248		
016	1.090000	0.350000	861,230,039		
017	1.090000	0.350000	874,445,213		
018	1.090000	0.350000	896,213,732		
019	1.090000	0.365000	916,989,862		
020	1.016480	0.365000	939,576,278		
021	1.002800	0.365000	976,147,244		
022	0.996500	0.365000	1,018,771,943		
2023 (School year under audit)	0.901300	0.365000	1,148,802,969		

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.115, Tax Code

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2022	(20) Current Year's Fotal Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2023
\$ 92,730	\$ -	\$ 222	\$ 71	\$ (6,214) \$	86,223
14,416		28	9	(82)	14,297
16,745	-	454	146	(82)	16,063
20,565	-	1,155	371	(82)	18,957
23,136	-	1,748	561	(87)	20,740
26,030	· -	3,772	1,263	(88)	20,907
29,194	-	5,638	2,024	(84)	21,448
45,881	-	11,351	4,133	800	31,197
105,889	-	40,580	14,865	(11,332)	39,112
-	14,547,292	10,216,975	4,137,749	(93,567)	99,001
\$ 374,586	\$ 14,547,292	\$ 10,281,923	\$ 4,161,192	\$ (110,818)	367,945

\$ 19,559

EXHIBIT J-2

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FOOD SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		ints	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes				Final		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	264,000 3,000 385,000	\$	425,250 8,768 591,427	\$ 427,956 4,859 712,866	\$	2,706 (3,909) 121,439
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		652,000	_	1,025,445	1,145,681		120,236
0035 Food Services		652,000		1,200,000	1,038,916		161,084
Total Expenditures		652,000		1,200,000	1,038,916		161,084
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances				(174,555)	106,765		281,320
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		504,737		504,737	504,737	•	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	504,737	\$	330,182	\$ 611,502	\$	281,320

EXHIBIT J-3

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control		Budgeted	nnts _.	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Codes		Original Final					
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate SourcesState Program Revenues	\$	4,229,494 66,531	\$	4,225,818 188,807	\$ 4,254,845 188,807	\$	29,027
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		4,296,025		4,414,625	4,443,652		29,027
 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 		1,820,000 2,440,004 36,021	,	1,820,000 3,343,979 36,021	1,820,000 3,327,728 3,580		- 16,251 32,441
6030 Total Expenditures		4,296,025		5,200,000	5,151,308		48,692
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(785,375)	(707,656)		77,719
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		4,060,674		4,060,674	4,060,674		**
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	4,060,674	\$	3,275,299	\$ 3,353,018	\$	77,719

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$1,247,092
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$681,961
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$51,649
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$77,770 -

COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL, AND FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Pleasant Grove Independent School District 8500 North Kings Highway Texarkana, TX 75503

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Grove Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pleasant Grove Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Texarkana, Texas

January 17, 2024

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Pleasant Grove Independent School District 8500 North Kings Highway Texarkana, TX 75503

Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pleasant Grove Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pleasant Grove Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C.

It & Huleson, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Texarkana, Texas

January 17, 2024

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

- a. The type of report issued on the financial statements of the Pleasant Grove Independent School District was an unmodified opinion.
- b. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters required by the GAO's Government Auditing Standards.
- c. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Pleasant Grove Independent School District was disclosed during the audit.
- d. No significant deficiency relating to the audit of the major federal award program is reported in the report on internal control over compliance required by Uniform Guidance.
- e. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.
- f. Audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs were disclosed by the audit that were required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516 (a).
- g. The programs tested as major programs were:

ALN # 10.553
ALN # 10.555
ALN # 10.555
ALN # 10.555

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- I. Pleasant Grove Independent School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

No findings were required to be reported.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards Including Audit Findings as Described in I.f Above No findings were required to be reported.

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

There were no prior year audit findings.

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRCT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

There were no current year audit findings.

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Texas Education Agency			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	23 - 610101019912 24 - 610101019912	\$ 201,614 28,169
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010			229,783
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Formula *COVID 19 - IDEA, Part B, Formula - (ARP)	84.027 84.027 84.027X	23 -6600010199126000 24 -6600010199126000 22 -5350010199125000	161,002 38,171 93,994
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			293,167
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	23-6610010199126000	7,041
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			300,208
Career and Technical - Basic Grant ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.048 84.367 A	23 - 420006019912 23 - 694501019912	19,522 46,795
COVID 19 - ESSER II - School Emergency Relief COVID 19 - ESSER III - School Emergengy Relief	84.425D 84.425U	21 - 521001019912 21 - 528001019912	606,954 18,303
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			625,257
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23 - 680101019912	15,626
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			1,237,191
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,237,191
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	112,244
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance *COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance Grant	10.555 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	442,245 76,999 81,378
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			600,622
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			712,866
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			712,866
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			712,866
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,950,057
*Clustered Programs per Compliance Supplement 2023			•

PLEASANT GROVE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

- 1 For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3 The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimum indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 4 The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may approved extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable. (2 CFR 200.34(a))

Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. (2 CFR 200.344(b))

- The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance.
- 6 Nonmonetary assistance received from the Commodity Supplemental Food Program is recorded in fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. The revenue and expense are reported in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund.
- 7 Assistance Listing numbers for commodity assistance are the Assistance Listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 8 A reconciliation of federal program revenues and expenditures is as follows:

General Fund	67,146
Other Special Revenue Funds	1,950,057
Sub -total	2,017,203
Less:	
SSA - School Health & Related Services (SHARS)	(49,146)
ERATE	(18,000)
Total Federal Program Expenditures	<u>1,950,057</u>

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Pleasant Grove Independent School District

Fiscal Year 2023

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No .
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Govenment Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$0